Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy Inspection Date: **Owner Information** Contact Person: Owner Name: Village Home Phone: 102 Work Phone: Cell Phone: County: Pinell Policy #: Insurance Company: Email: # of Stories: Year of Home: NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form. 1. Building Code: Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)? . For homes built in 2002/2003 provide a permit application with A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY) / / / B. For the HVHZ Only: Built in compliance with the SFBC-94: Year Built \_\_\_\_\_. For homes built in 1994, 1995, and 1996 provide a permit application with a date after 9/1/1994: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY) / / C. Unknown or does not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B" 2. Roof Covering: Select all roof covering types in use. Provide the permit application date OR IBC/MDC Product Approval number OR Year of Original Installation/Replacement OR indicate that no information was available to verify compliance for each roof covering identified. No Information Year of Original Installation or Provided for FBC or MDC Permit Application Date Replacement Compliance Product Approval # 2.1 Roof Covering Type: ☐ 1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle 2022 7473-129 2. Concrete/Clay Tile 3. Metal 4. Built Up ☐ 5. Membrane \$ 6. Other underlayment 10,20 2022 2022 A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later. B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later. U C. One or more roof coverings do not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B". D. No roof coverings meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B". 3. Roof Deck Attachment: What is the weakest form of roof deck attachment? A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the field. -OR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shingles. -OR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below. B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the field.-OR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf. X C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the field. -OR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width). -OR-Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent Inspectors Initials M Property Address 240 windward Passage - Bldg-1100 - Clearworter, A \*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure. Page 1 of 4 OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155

		or greater res 182 psf.	istance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least					
		D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.						
	11	E. Other:						
	H							
	$\sqcup$	G. No attic access.						
4.	5 fe	et of the insid	achment: What is the <u>WEAKEST</u> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within e or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)					
		A. Toe Nails  □	Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or					
			Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D					
	N.#1-		ons to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:					
	<u>IVIII</u>	ilmai conditio						
		11	Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.					
	Ц	B. Clips	and the state of t					
			Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or  Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.					
	X	C. Single W	raps  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.					
	D. Double Wraps							
		11	beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or					
		U	both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.					
		E. Structura						
		_						
			n or unidentified					
	Ļ	H. No attic	access					
5	Ro the	oof Geometry host structur	: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of e over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).					
	Ü	A. Hip Roo	Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet					
	<u>.</u>	B. Flat Roc	less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12sq ft; Total roof areasq ft					
	X	C. Other R	oof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.					
6	Sc X	A. SWR (a sheathir	ter Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) also called Scaled Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the ag or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the g from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss. R.					
			vn or undetermined.					
			Property Address 240 Windword Passage - Bldg-1100- Cleanwater					
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7. Opening Protection: What is the <u>weakest</u> form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? First, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart  Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.			Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
			Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors	
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure							
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)							
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)	_						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007					<u> </u>		
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors Indicating compilance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance							
	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified					ļ		
N	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C					<u></u>		
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection		1					

- A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).
  - Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
  - Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203
  - American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
  - Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
  - For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
  - For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115
  - A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
  - A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
  - 1 A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
- B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
  - ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile 4.5 lb.)
  - SSTD 12 (Large Missile 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
  - For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile 2 to 4.5 lb.)
  - 1 B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
  - [] B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
  - L.] B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
- [] C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).
  - 1 C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
  - C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above
  - 1 C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

Inspectors Initial Property Address 240 windward Passage - Blog-1100 - dearwater, F

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N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter system) protective coverings not meeting the requirements of Answith no documentation of compliance (Level N in the table)	tems with no documentation) All Glazed openings are protected with wer "A", "B", or C" or systems that appear to meet Answer "A" or "B"							
the second secon								
N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist  N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level X in the table above								
N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level X in the table above								
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glazed openings classified and Level X in the table above.								
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST BE CERTIFIED BY A QUALIFIED INSPECTOR.  Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, provides a listing of individuals who may sign this form.								
Qualified Inspector Name:	License Type:  License or Certificate II: 2002							
Inspection Company: Dynamic National	Phone: 727-459-4600							
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a:	(check one)							
Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statutes training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board at	to take the second of the seco							
Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida S								
General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section 4								
Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Stat								
Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida Stat								
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possess verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes.	ing the necessary qualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation							
under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes, must inspect the str Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direct experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.  I,	d I personally performed the inspection or (licensed  yee () perform the inspection (print name of inspector)  Date:							
obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to wi of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)	nich the individual or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor							
as offering protection from hurricanes.	y and cannot be used to certify any product or construction feature							
Inspectors Initials Property Address 240 Wir	roward Passage - Blag-1100 - clearwater, 1							
	ided no material changes have been made to the structure or  Page 4 of 4							